

# Peaceful Nuclear Cooperation

U.S. Support for NPT Article IV

## UNITED STATES & PERU

**T**hrough the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), the United States contributes to the work of many countries using nuclear materials and technology for peaceful purposes. In recent years, U.S. support has focused on achieving tangible and lasting benefits in fields that are vital to human development, including agriculture, human health, water resource management, and human resource development. Since 2000, the IAEA has approved and funded \$5,743,590, including \$252,792 in 2013, under its Technical Cooperation (TC) program for projects in Peru.



In addition to the United States' longstanding support for the IAEA's activities to promote peaceful nuclear applications, at the 2010 NPT Review Conference, the United States announced a \$100 million USD effort to expand this support over the next five years. The United States has pledged \$50 million towards the IAEA's Peaceful Uses Initiative (PUI), focusing on human health, food security, water resource management, and nuclear power infrastructure development.

The United States views its support for peaceful uses of nuclear energy, to which all NPT Parties are entitled, as a critical part of its broader effort to strengthen the IAEA and the global nuclear nonproliferation regime. The U.S. has already designated over \$22 million for IAEA projects benefitting over 120 countries, including Peru, for which funding was previously unavailable. The United States is working with partners to reach the \$100 million goal, and welcomes Japan, the Republic of Korea, New Zealand, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Sweden, Australia, France, Indonesia, Brazil, Italy, the UK and Kazakhstan who have announced their own commitments to the PUI of over \$12 million.

### NUCLEAR ENERGY

For various reasons, many of the IAEA's Member States have expressed an interest in nuclear power to meet their energy needs. Peru is therefore participating in a regional TC project

supported by the United States to strengthen national and regional infrastructures for the planning and development of nuclear power programs. The project will help ensure that participating Member States have a complete understanding of the range of issues and activities that must be addressed before implementing a nuclear power program, and also ensure that there is a mechanism by which joint studies and issues can be addressed efficiently.

Peru is also participating in a regional TC project supported by the United States to upgrade uranium exploration, exploitation, and yellowcake production techniques while causing the least possible adverse impact on the environment.

### AGRICULTURE

When the quality and safety of food supplies suffers, the people in those countries are exposed to a wide range of potential food quality and safety risks. Additionally, for most developing countries, agriculture lies at the center of their economies; food exports are a major source of foreign exchange and income generation. However, access to food export markets depends on their capacity to meet the regulatory requirements of importing countries. Peru is therefore participating in a regional TC project supported by the United States to ensure food safety, promote good agricultural and production practices, and enhance food exports by using nuclear techniques to monitor chemical residues and contaminants in food products.

Peru is also participating in a project, coordinated by the IAEA's Department of Nuclear Sciences and Applications and supported by the United States, to implement capacity building activities to improve food safety and quality through nuclear technology and

1. *Power plant under construction. Credit: Kansai Electric Power Co.*
2. *Scientists are constantly looking at ways to improve crops using nuclear techniques. Credit: Centro Energia Nuclear Agricultura, CENA/USP*
3. *Nuclear analytical techniques can evaluate how well food, fortified with essential nutrients and minerals, sustains the body's health and growth. Credit: IAEA*

networking. The project involves workshops, human resource training, and technology transfers, and aims to establish functional networks, raise awareness of food safety and conduct food safety gap analysis in selected countries.

## HUMAN HEALTH

Early and accurate diagnosis is vital for effective treatment of both heart disease and cancer. The diagnostic and therapeutic applications of nuclear medicine techniques play a pivotal role in the management of these patients, improving quality of life by means of an early diagnosis, which allows opportune and proper therapy.

With cardiovascular disease as the leading cause of death in most Latin American countries and almost 800,000 new cases of cancer in the region each year, Peru is currently working through a regional TC project supported by the United States to improve the management of cardiac diseases and cancer patients by strengthening nuclear medicine techniques in Latin America and the Caribbean region.

Latin America also faces a double burden today: on the one hand, under-nutrition, and on the other, obesity. Peru is therefore participating in a regional TC project sponsored by the United States to improve the capacity of key institutions to use nuclear techniques to address each extreme of malnutrition. These techniques include isotopic dilution with deuterium to assess body composition, as well as carbon-13 to measure fat and glucose oxidation. The project will improve the quality of programs in the region; contribute tools for the diagnosis and evaluation of micronutrient deficiencies, obesity and obesity-related chronic diseases; as well as allow the establishment of data for those programs. This will help in the identification of vulnerable groups, planning, and the prioritization of actions to be applied.

## NUCLEAR SAFETY

Disused facilities and sites contaminated because of activities

involving the use of radioactive material exist worldwide and many pose continuing health risks to adjacent communities and, potentially, to the wider public. Peru is currently participating in an interregional TC project sponsored by the United States that will provide support and assistance toward the efficient clean-up of radioactive contaminated facilities and sites. Through this project, barriers to the acceptance of continued or expanded applications of peaceful uses of nuclear technology can, to some extent, be removed.

Peru is also currently participating in a regional TC project supported by the United States to improve the operational national regulatory infrastructure for safety and control of radiation sources to ensure the protection of people and the environment against the adverse effects of ionizing radiation. The project will harmonize and streamline participating countries' national capabilities for regulatory control in compliance with international requirements and establish or develop a comprehensive national system for preparedness and response to radiological emergencies.

Human resource development is also critical for Member States to implement and sustain nuclear security. Therefore, Peru is also participating in a regional TC project sponsored by the United States to implement the component of the IAEA Nuclear Security Plan 2010-2013 which focuses on institutional capacity building, human resource development and educational programs. Strengthening nuclear security human resource development will contribute to sustained effective nuclear security worldwide.

## HUMAN RESOURCES

To contribute to Member States' manpower development, the IAEA awards individual fellowships and organizes group training courses. Each year numerous fellows and training course participants travel to the United States for training.

Since 2000, the United States has

hosted multiple training courses in which Peruvian participants studied in fields such as nuclear safety and security, quality assurance in radiotherapy, isotope techniques for river basin management, and introducing and expanding nuclear power programs. Training was also provided through the IAEA Fellowship Program to eight Peruvians, three of which were sponsored by the United States, in the fields of fuel cycle and waste management, plant breeding and genetics, animal production, and radiation medicine and health.

Additionally, since 2000, 25 U.S. experts have traveled to Peru to collaborate through various IAEA Technical Cooperation projects.



1. Tissue cultures are studied at a nuclear energy center for agriculture. Credit: CENA/Brazil
2. Radiotherapy center. Credit: Rodolfo Quevenco/IAEA
3. 2008 IAEA-Argonne regional training course on quality assurance of physical and technical aspects in radiotherapy. Credit: Argonne National Laboratory

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT:

Office of Multilateral Nuclear and Security Affairs, U.S. Department of State, 2201 C. Street NW, Washington, DC 20520 | [www.state.gov](http://www.state.gov)